

Corridor Planning Framework

- 2013: SR 28 Corridor Plan
 - ✓ Provided a Great Model
- 2017: Corridor Connection Plan
 - Provided launching pad to accelerate planning
- 2018: Bi-State Consultation
 - ✓ Corridor Planning MOU
- 2019: SR 89 Corridor Plan
 - Enhanced connection
 between transportation and
 sustainable recreation

Involvement Framework

Policy Development

- Bi-State Corridor Planning Group
- TIE Steering Committee

Plan Development

- Project Steering Committee
- Project Development Team
- Sustainable Recreation Working Group

Outreach and Stakeholder Input

- Focus Groups
- Surveys
- Stakeholder Workshops
- Public Outreach
- Engagement with private sector and HOAs

























Connections

- Regional Transportation Plan
 - Project list
 - Program for funding
 - Transit Packages
 - Contribution to regional goal attainment
- Bi-State Consultation
 - Transit Packages
 - Funding Discussion
- Threshold Standards
 - Recreation
 - Water Quality
- Partner Agencies
 - USFS
 - CA State Parks
 - TTD

Progress Update

- Six Stakeholder group meetings
- Five project team member meetings
- Final Signed Charter
- Final Existing Conditions Report
- Tahoe Trail alignment site visits and secured funding
- Considered desired visitation levels & visitor experience
- Mode share alternative analysis



Key Issues

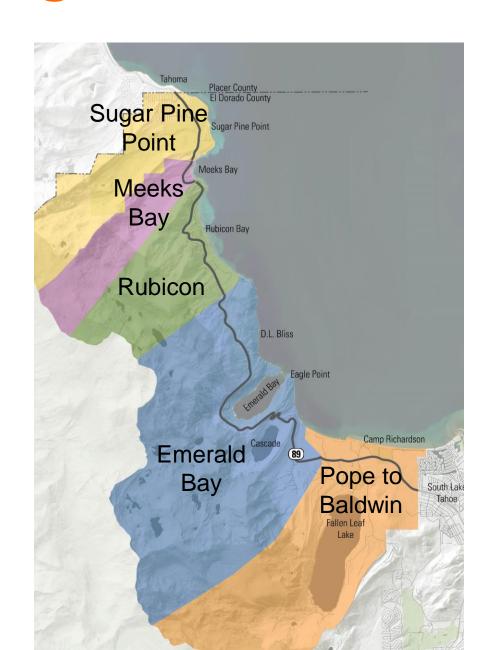
Demand has exceeded infrastructure which impacts transportation and visitor experience

- Impacts to visitor experience can be an economic impact
- Safety Concerns
- Increased Environmental Disturbance and Run-off
- Congestion and Traffic



Strategies

- Visitor Use
 Management
- Parking Management
- Transit
- Path Improvements
- Enforcement and Safety Services
- Technology
- Year-Round Access



New Strategies for Consideration

- Parking
 - Reservation Systems
 - Peak pricing
 - Elimination of roadside parking
 - Development of park and ride locations
- Access
 - Transit only access
 - Congestion pricing
 - Winter and shoulder season
 - Equity and inclusion
 - Washoe Tribal access
 - New and expanded public access
 - Waterborne transit

- Infrastructure
 - Tahoe Trail
 - Roadway improvements
 - Avalanche control
 - Transit only lanes
 - Expanded bike and pedestrian facilities
- Visitor Management
 - Proactive visitor management
 - Stewardship messaging
 - Public private partnerships
 - Recreation fee structure

Pope to Baldwin | Strategies



- Elimination of roadside parking
- Shifting of land uses
- Park and Ride lots

- Expanded pedestrian and bike facilities
- Transit only lane(s)
- Establish "recreation speed limit" (example of Tahoe Meadows on Mt. Rose)

Emerald Bay Segment | Strategies

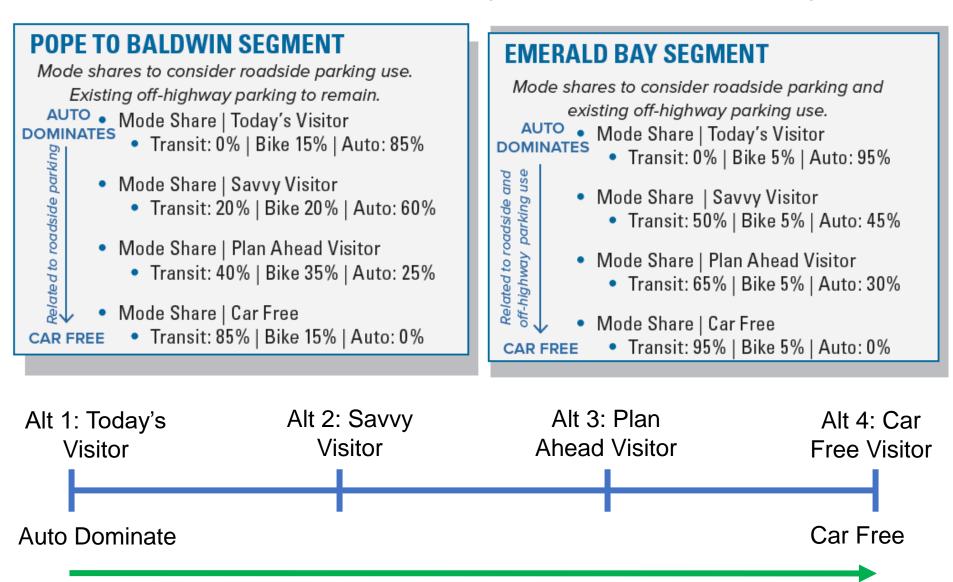


- Elimination of roadside parking
- Paid parking
- New or expanded infrastructure

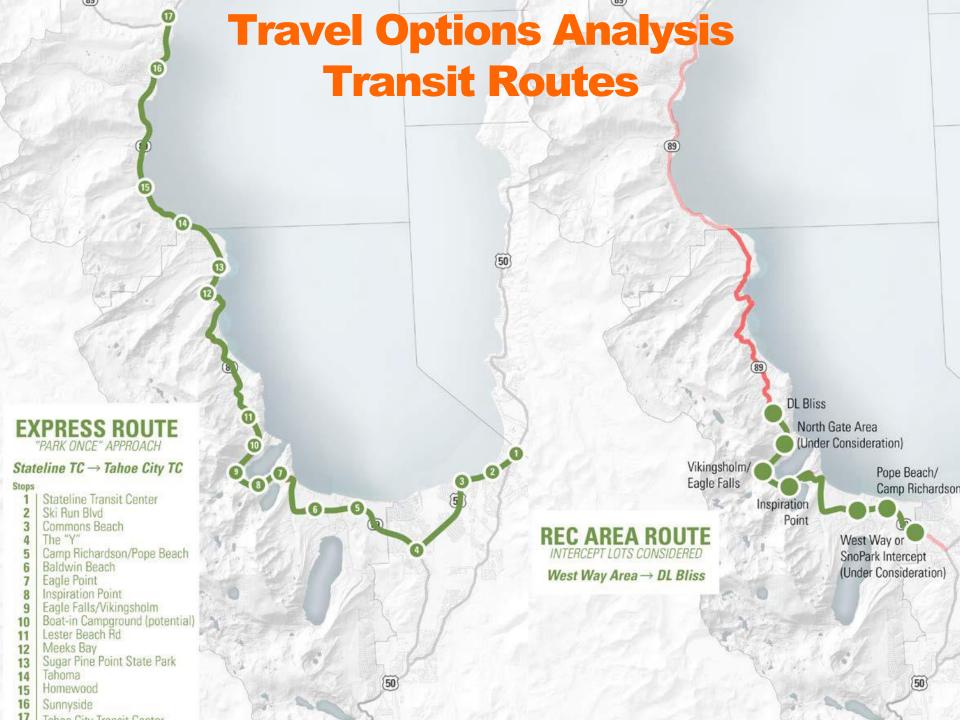
- Reservation or transit only access
- Congestion and dynamic pricing
- Tahoe Trail alignment
- Roadway improvements
- Expanded winter access

Travel Options Analysis

Volume of people to shift by mode and strategies and cost to achieve selected goal



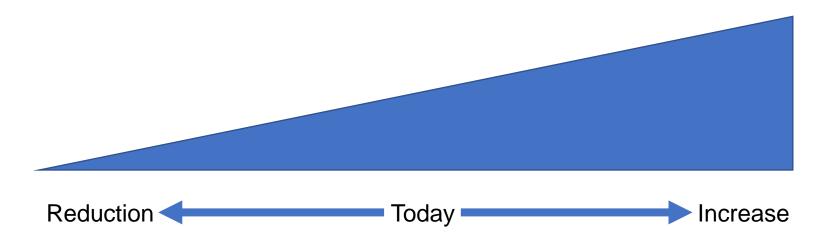
Move toward car free experience over time



Travel Options Analysis Parking Management

Parking Lot Type	Locations	Structure
Intercept	Stateline, Tahoe City, 'Y', Sno-Park, Airport	all day parking allowed (fee depends on location, in corridor fee higher) small parking fee
Vistas	Inspiration, Vikingsholm, Eagle Falls	30-minute metered photo parking (higher rate, if don't leave after 30 minutes)
Corridor	Emerald Bay Day Use	metered, congestion priced; charge year-round; overnight- permit includes fee
Facility	Camp Rich, Pope, Baldwin, Meeks, DL Bliss, Sugar Pine, Taylor Creek, Kiva, Tallac Historic Site, Fallen Leaf	flat fee with reservation at certain locations, flexibility for prime beach hours versus evening and off-season

Travel Options Analysis Future Visitation



Balancing our needs and achieving our goals

Considerations

- Visitor Management
 - Matching resources to visitor demand
 - Shifting visitor use over time and space
- Investing in infrastructure to meet desired outcomes
 - Transit, parking, recreation sites
- Balancing access, equity, and resource conditions
- Basin-wide implications

Outcomes

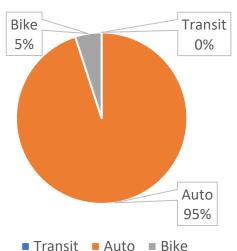


- Congestion, VMT, Vehicle Access
 - Regional Transportation Plan Goals
- Visitor Experience and Public Access
 - Equity and access for all
 - Threshold Standards
- Natural Resource Conditions
 - Threshold Standards
- Safety

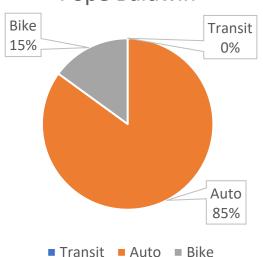
Alternative 1 – Today's Visitor

No Transit Service - Minimal parking restrictions





Pope Baldwin



Visitor Use Management

- Passive
- Un-Guided

Parking Management

- First-Come, First-Serve
- Free or Fixed Rate

Access

- Unmanaged
- Less people served

- Maintain Existing
- Expansion of in corridor parking
- No transit

Alternative 2 – Savvy Visitor

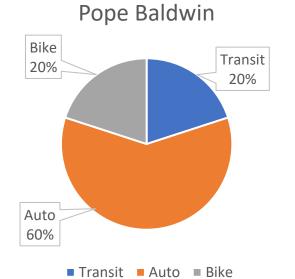
Low level transit - Minimal parking restrictions



Transit 50% Auto



45%



Visitor Use Management

- **Passive**
- Self-Guided

Parking Management

- First-Come, First-Serve
- Metered parking

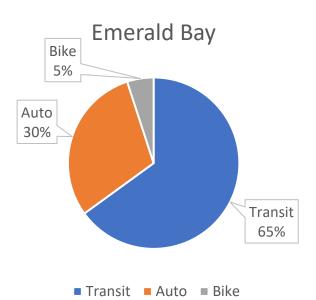
Access

- Semi-managed
- Less people served

- Some investment in recreation sites
- In corridor parking plus small intercept lots
- Small transit expansion

Alternative 3 – Plan Ahead Visitor

High level transit - Mid level parking restrictions



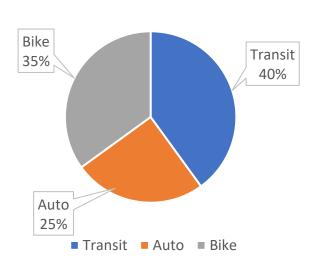
Visitor Use Management

- Active
- Guided

Parking Management

- Reservation plus vista points
- In Corridor restrictions
- Congestion pricing

Pope Baldwin



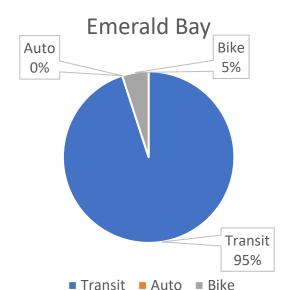
Access

- Highly managed
- More people served

- Some investment in recreation sites
- Large intercept lots, minimal in corridor parking
- Major transit expansion

Alternative 4 – Car Free Visitor

High level transit - Maximum level parking restrictions

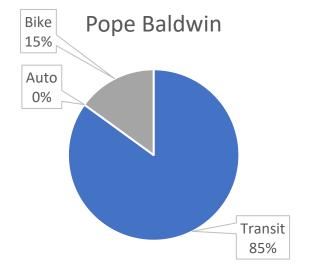


Visitor Use Management

- Active
- 'Disney Land'

Parking Management

- Restricted vehicle access to Emerald Bay
- Reservation only
- Congestion pricing



■ Transit
■ Auto
■ Bike

Access

- Highly managed
- More people served

- Some investment in recreation sites
- Multiple intercept lots
- Major transit expansion

Next Steps

- Incorporate Feedback from today
- Finalize baseline model run
- Detailed analysis for Alternative 2 and 3 with maps
 - Key differences: parking strategies and transit service levels

Results

- Mode split goals and number of people to shift by mode
- Estimated annual operating costs
- Vehicle Capital Costs (not including other capital costs)
- System capacity-throughput (volume of people)

Next Steps

Stakeholder Engagement

- PDT Meetings #6
- Stakeholder Workshop
- Public Workshops
- Digital Webinar
- One-on-One meetings

Agency Alignment

- Board Presentations
- Executive Meetings
- TIE Steering Committee

Plan Adoption

- Draft Plan (end of March)
 - 30 day public comment period
 - Additional stakeholder outreach
- Final Plan Released and Endorsement(May 1)
- Final Plan and Adoption (June)
 - TRPA Governing Board

